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## Criminal Search System and the Emergence of Its Scientific Practices in Colonial Taiwan

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### Abstract

Japanese colonial authorities began to transplant the Western state-system of the Meiji Japan since 1895, including the national criminal justice system and crime control approach, to open a new page in crime search. Though was the criminal search system transplanted, and imitated Japan related systems, but always subject to the laws of colonial unique special orders, resulting in the expansion of the judicial police powers in colonial Taiwan. In the early period of Japanese rule, the rule of law implementation phase in Taiwan was different from Japan due to military domination. Until 1924, Taiwan was the simultaneous implementation with Japan a new Code of Criminal Procedure emphasis on human rights. In this process, the judicial police organization and criminal search measures had gone through changes. But in face of the changes of social crime patterns, and the requirements of new Code of Criminal Procedure emphasis on human rights, Japanese colonial authorities began to build a scientific basis for rational criminal searches, as well as a separate Judiciary Polices and strengthening their function. This article explores how the Japanese colonial authorities applied state power to establish a system to prove a

crime, and focus on three changes of criminal law sources, search organization, and search technologies, to analyze scientific criminal search how to appear.

Keywords: Criminal Search, Code of Criminal Procedure, Judiciary Police, Human Rights, in colonial Taiwan

