

usually bear a majority of 5-merous flowers, and the smaller ones bear mostly 4-merous flowers. The capsules are slightly exserted beyond the persistent corolla, and dehisce by two valves only at the apex when mature (Figure 2C). The plants turn yellow and wither after fruiting in winter.

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台灣產龍膽科的新紀錄屬及新種 — 奇萊肋柱花

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本文發表台灣龍膽科 (Gentianaceae) 的新紀錄屬植物—肋柱花屬 (*Lomatogonium*)，以及一新種—萊肋柱花 (*L. chilaiensis*)，並提供植物描述及繪圖以供辨識；至目前為止，奇萊肋柱花僅發現於太魯閣國家公園內的奇萊山上，生長於高海拔 (約 3,100 至 3,300 公尺) 的潮溼碎石坡或峭壁上。此新種與另一廣泛分布種—肋柱花 (*L. carinthiacum*) 較為相似，但奇萊肋柱花的花冠近白色，花萼裂片幾乎與花冠裂片等長，且花萼裂片前端銳尖，花冠上腺體的附屬物極缺乏或不存，上述這些特徵則與後者相異。

關鍵詞：龍膽科；肋柱花屬；奇萊肋柱花；新種；新紀錄屬；台灣；分類。