

廢 IC 板電漿熔渣之資源回收

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摘要

本研究主要針對廢 IC (積體電路) 板經電漿熔融後熔渣中之金、銀、銅進行回收研究, 本研究方法包括破碎研磨、篩分、磁選、浸漬溶蝕及溶蝕效率分析等。本研究顯示, 廢 IC 板電漿熔渣之比重為 3.47、水份為 0.23%, 而灰份為 101.81%。熔渣經過粉碎、磁選後可得 6.62% 之含鐵物, 而不感磁物中含有金 0.0010%、銀 0.0392% 及銅 33.94%。另不感磁物經篩分得知 100 目 (0.149mm) 以上之熔渣含銅量較高, 可直接將其售予煉銅廠作為冶銅之原料, 而 100 目以下, 因其粒徑較小且尚含有金、銀、銅有價物, 故本研究以鹽酸、硫酸、氨水、硫脲等浸漬劑來進行金、銀、銅之浸漬溶蝕研究。本研究結果顯示以硫脲浸漬效果最好, 其最佳浸漬條件為: 硫脲 2.5g, 硫酸濃度 7.2N, 硫酸鐵 3.3g, 固液比 0.03 (1.5g/50mL), 在室溫下浸漬 2 小時, 可得金、銀、銅 100% 之浸漬回收率。

關鍵詞: IC 板, 回收, 金, 銀, 銅, 浸漬

Recycling of the Plasma Slag in Scrap IC Boards

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ABSTRACT

In this study, various methods for grinding, screening, magnetic separation and leaching are adopted to recover the valuable gold, silver and copper metallic components from the slag of plasma-treated scrap integrated circuit (IC) boards. The results of the compositional analysis reveal that the specific gravity, iron content, moisture and ash content of this slag are 3.47%, 6.62%, 0.23% and 101.08%, respectively. After magnetic separation, the fraction of non-ferrous metal larger than 100 mesh (0.149mm), containing mainly copper, can be sold directly to a copper smelter, moreover, the gold, silver and copper components can be recovered by leaching. The leaching result indicates that a 100% recovery of gold, silver and copper can be achieved by using a thiourea leaching solution.