

BILATERAL CEREBRAL PTOSIS SECONDARY TO HOMOCYSTINURIA -- A CASE REPORT

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This 14-year-old boy was a case of homocystinuria with sequelae of frequent epilepsy, left side hemiparesis, left hemisensory loss, left facial palsy, mental retardation and psychiatric disorders because of right temporo-parieto-occipital infarction and atrophy since 4 years ago. This April, seizure, bilateral ptosis accompanied by impaired upward gaze,

and left homonymous hemianopsia were found. Besides, VA(ou) was from 0.8 to 0.9, no lens dislocation, and normal fundus were noted.

We discuss bilateral cerebral ptosis associated with nondominant hemispheric lesions due to homocystinuria.

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